

教育部「5G行動寬頻人才培育跨校教學聯盟計畫」

5G行動網路協定與核網技術聯盟中心

課程:5G垂直應用網路

# 實驗三

## URLLC垂直應用網路實驗

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# Outline

- 實驗目的及實驗內容
- srsLTE 實驗環境
  - srsLTE Small Cell 架構
  - 軟硬體環境
- srsLTE 網路實驗平台建置
  - 安裝所需套件
  - 安裝 srsLTE 網路環境
  - 調整參數
- 執行程式暨測試
  - 實驗-Split Mode
  - 實驗-Duplication Mode
- 總結

# 實驗目的

- 建置以MR-DC支援uRLLC的垂直應用網路
- 調整應用及網路參數來分析及量測PRP對網路可靠度及時延的影響

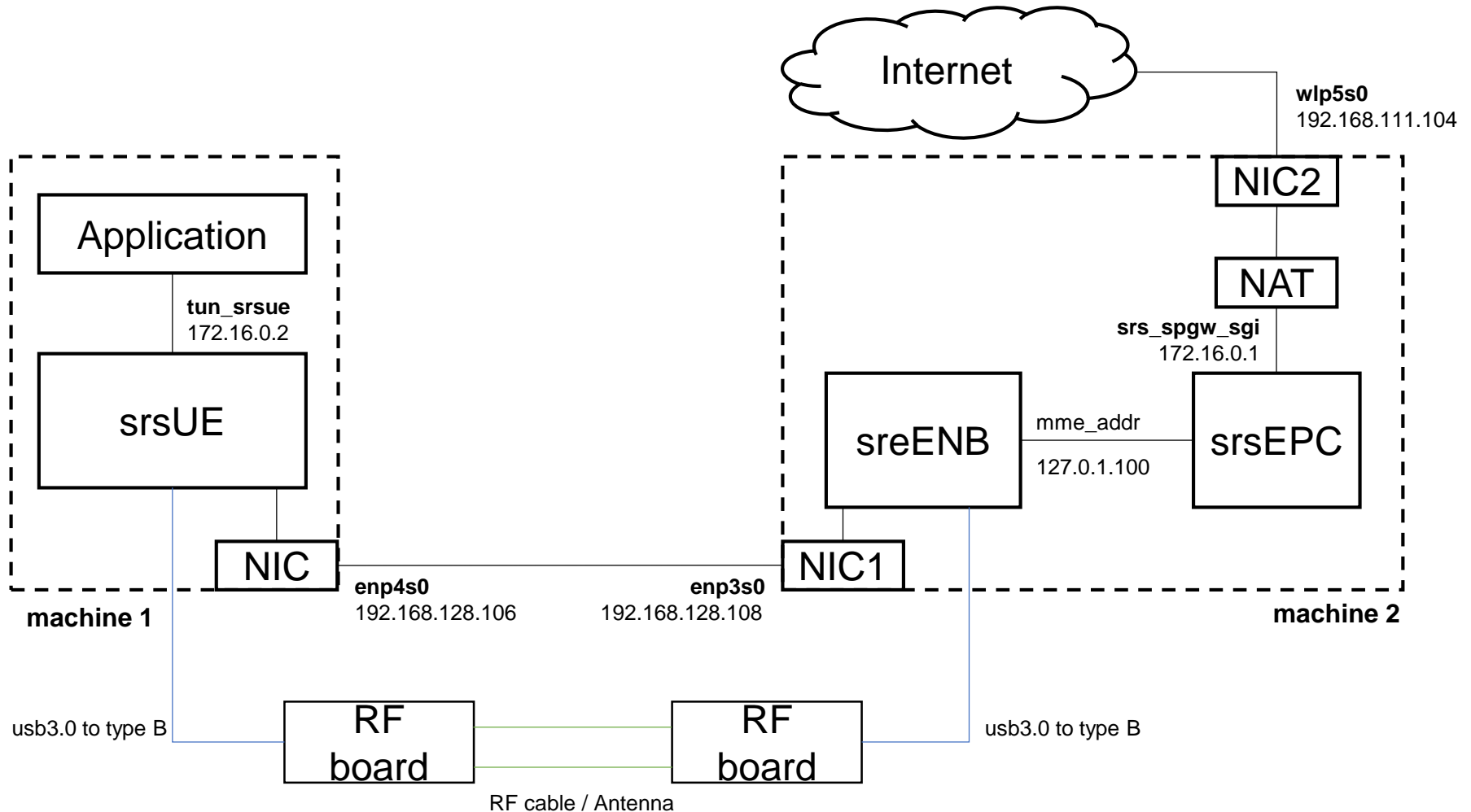
# 實驗內容

- 利用開源碼小基站建置uRLLC實驗環境
- 調整參數量測不同情境下網路效能傳輸的表現

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# srsLTE Small Cell 實驗架構



# 實驗環境



# 軟硬體環境 – 硬體

名稱	規格	數量	目的
EPC+eNB	電腦型號： ASUS NB M580V	1	啟動 MME,S-GW,P-GW
	USRP B210	1	啟動 srsLTE eNB
UE	電腦型號： ASUS NB M580V	1	模擬 UE
	USRP B210	1	啟動 srsLTE UE



# 軟硬體環境 - 軟體

名稱	軟體	版本
EPC+eNB	OS : Ubuntu	Ubuntu 16.04
		Kernel : 4.15.0-041500-lowlatency
	srsLTE	srsLTE 19.12 d045213fb9cbf98c83c06d7c17197a9dcbfddacf
UE	OS : Ubuntu	Ubuntu 16.04
		Kernel : 4.15.0-041500-lowlatency
	srsLTE	srsLTE 19.12 d045213fb9cbf98c83c06d7c17197a9dcbfddacf

# 下載及安裝 Kernel

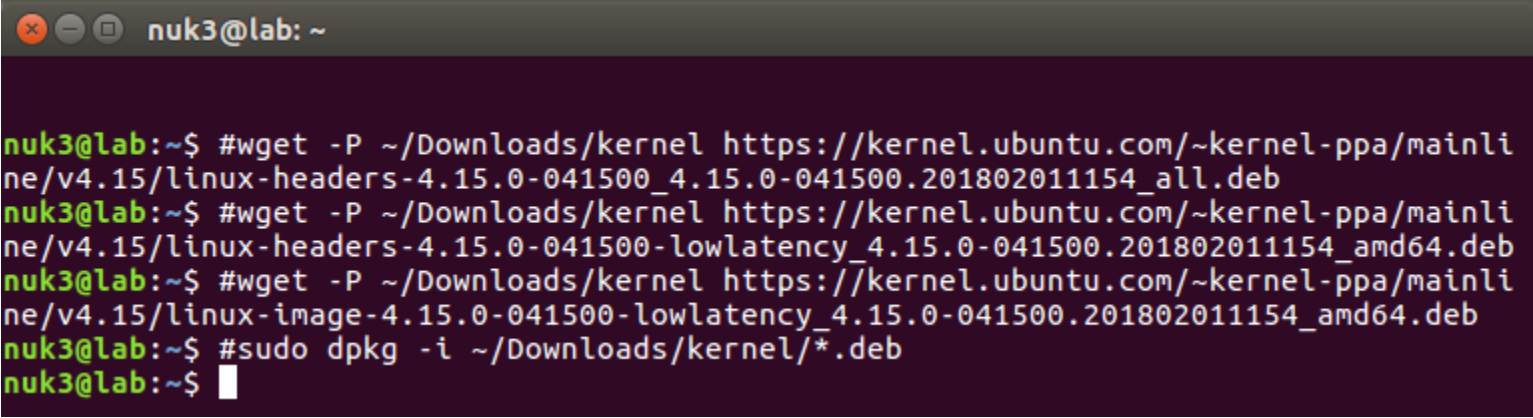
在主機上開啟一個新的終端機，並且輸入

```
$ wget -P ~/Downloads/kernel https://kernel.ubuntu.com/~kernel-ppa/mainline/v4.15/linux-headers-4.15.0-041500_4.15.0-041500.201802011154_all.deb
```

```
$ wget -P ~/Downloads/kernel https://kernel.ubuntu.com/~kernel-ppa/mainline/v4.15/linux-headers-4.15.0-041500-lowlatency_4.15.0-041500.201802011154_amd64.deb
```

```
$ wget -P ~/Downloads/kernel https://kernel.ubuntu.com/~kernel-ppa/mainline/v4.15/linux-image-4.15.0-041500-lowlatency_4.15.0-041500.201802011154_amd64.deb
```

```
$ sudo dpkg -i ~/Downloads/kernel/*.deb
```

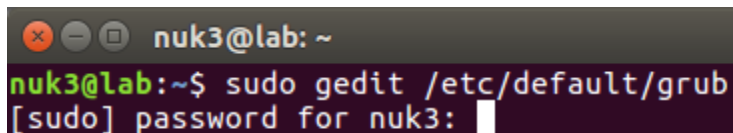


```
nuk3@lab: ~  
  
nuk3@lab:~$ #wget -P ~/Downloads/kernel https://kernel.ubuntu.com/~kernel-ppa/mainline/v4.15/linux-headers-4.15.0-041500_4.15.0-041500.201802011154_all.deb  
nuk3@lab:~$ #wget -P ~/Downloads/kernel https://kernel.ubuntu.com/~kernel-ppa/mainline/v4.15/linux-headers-4.15.0-041500-lowlatency_4.15.0-041500.201802011154_amd64.deb  
nuk3@lab:~$ #wget -P ~/Downloads/kernel https://kernel.ubuntu.com/~kernel-ppa/mainline/v4.15/linux-image-4.15.0-041500-lowlatency_4.15.0-041500.201802011154_amd64.deb  
nuk3@lab:~$ #sudo dpkg -i ~/Downloads/kernel/*.deb  
nuk3@lab:~$
```

# 修改開機選單和設定

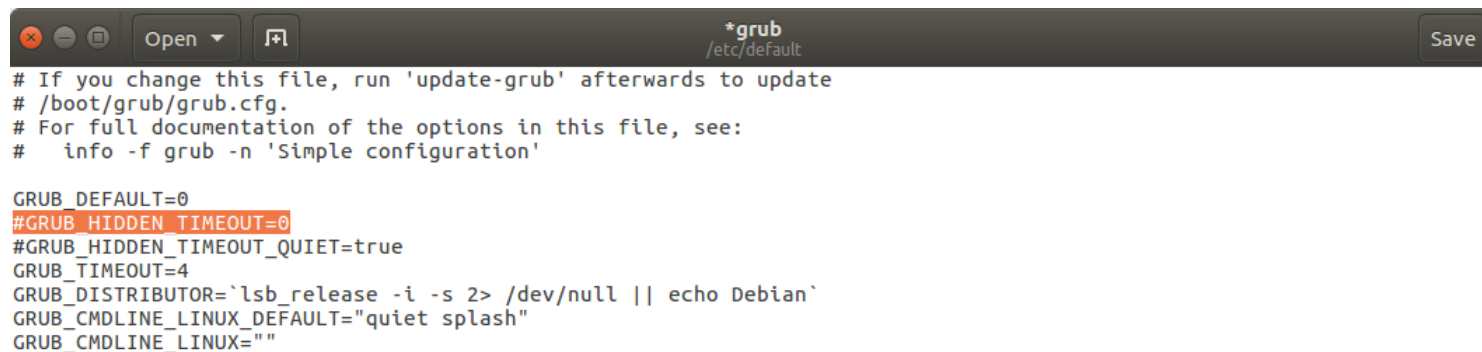
在終端機輸入以下指令

`$sudo gedit /etc/default/grub`



```
nuk3@lab: ~  
nuk3@lab:~$ sudo gedit /etc/default/grub  
[sudo] password for nuk3: 
```

"GRUB\_HIDDEN\_TIMEOUT=0" 改成  
"#GRUB\_HIDDEN\_TIMEOUT=0"



```
*grub  
/etc/default  
Save  
# If you change this file, run 'update-grub' afterwards to update  
# /boot/grub/grub.cfg.  
# For full documentation of the options in this file, see:  
#   info -f grub -n 'Simple configuration'  
  
GRUB_DEFAULT=0  
#GRUB_HIDDEN_TIMEOUT=0  
#GRUB_HIDDEN_TIMEOUT_QUIET=true  
GRUB_TIMEOUT=4  
GRUB_DISTRIBUTOR=`lsb_release -i -s 2> /dev/null || echo Debian`  
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX_DEFAULT="quiet splash"  
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX=""
```

# 更新剛才的設定

在終端機輸入以下指令

**\$sudo update-grub2**

A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background. The window title is 'nuk3@lab: ~'. The prompt is 'nuk3@lab:~\$'. The command '#sudo update-grub2' has been entered and executed. The prompt is now 'nuk3@lab:~\$' followed by a cursor.

```
nuk3@lab:~$ #sudo update-grub2
nuk3@lab:~$
```

然後終端機輸入以下指令，重啟電腦

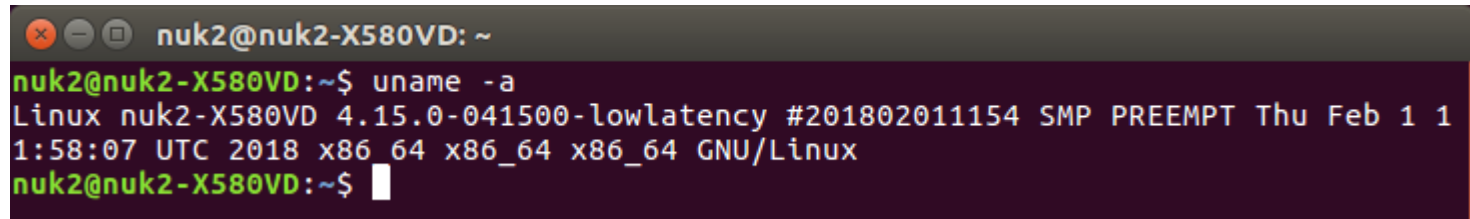
**\$sudo reboot**

然後在開機選單選剛才安裝的lowlatency kernel

# 檢查CPU的效能設定

重新開機後在終端機輸入，確認Kernel版本

`$uname -a`

A terminal window with a dark background. The title bar shows 'nuk2@nuk2-X580VD: ~'. The prompt is 'nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~\$'. The command 'uname -a' has been entered and executed. The output is displayed on the next line: 'Linux nuk2-X580VD 4.15.0-041500-lowlatency #201802011154 SMP PREEMPT Thu Feb 1 11:58:07 UTC 2018 x86\_64 x86\_64 x86\_64 GNU/Linux'. The prompt 'nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~\$' is shown again on the following line with a cursor.

```
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~$ uname -a
Linux nuk2-X580VD 4.15.0-041500-lowlatency #201802011154 SMP PREEMPT Thu Feb 1 11:58:07 UTC 2018 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~$
```

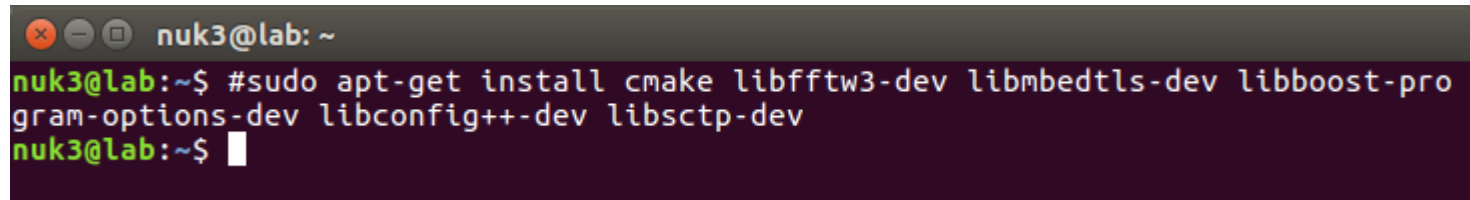
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# Required Library

- 在終端機輸入以下指令

`$sudo apt-get install cmake libfftw3-dev libmbedtls-dev libboost-program-options-dev libconfig++-dev libsctp-dev`

A terminal window with a dark background. The title bar shows 'nuk3@lab: ~'. The prompt is 'nuk3@lab:~\$'. The command '#sudo apt-get install cmake libfftw3-dev libmbedtls-dev libboost-program-options-dev libconfig++-dev libsctp-dev' is being entered across two lines. The cursor is at the end of the second line.

```
nuk3@lab:~$ #sudo apt-get install cmake libfftw3-dev libmbedtls-dev libboost-pro  
gram-options-dev libconfig++-dev libsctp-dev  
nuk3@lab:~$
```

# Install UHD

根據所使用的硬體安裝不同的套件

```
$sudo add-apt-repository ppa:ettusresearch/uhd
```

```
$sudo apt-get update
```

```
$sudo apt-get install libuhd-dev libuhd003 uhd-host
```

```
$sudo /usr/lib/uhd/utils/uhd_images_downloader.py
```

ref: [http://files.ettus.com/manual/page\\_install.html](http://files.ettus.com/manual/page_install.html)



# Download and Build

在終端機輸入以下指令

```
$git clone https://github.com/Nukicslab/nukxURLLC.git
```

```
$cd nukxURLLC
```

```
$mkdir build
```

```
$cd build
```

```
$cmake ../
```

```
$make
```

```
$make test
```

```
$sudo make install
```

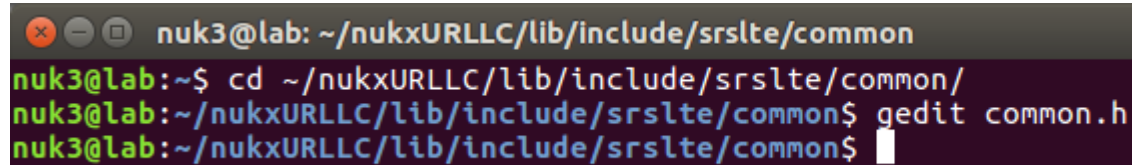
```
$srslte_install_configs.sh user
```

```
nuk3@lab: ~/nukxURLLC/build
nuk3@lab:~$ git clone https://github.com/Nukicslab/nukxURLLC.git
Cloning into 'nukxURLLC'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 1026, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (1026/1026), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (747/747), done.
remote: Total 1026 (delta 263), reused 1026 (delta 263), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (1026/1026), 7.98 MiB | 2.15 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (263/263), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
nuk3@lab:~$ cd nukxURLLC/
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC$ mkdir build
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC$ cd build/
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$ #cmake ../
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$ #make
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$ #make test
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$ #sudo make install
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$ #srslte_install_configs.sh user
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$
```

# Edit File

`$cd ~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common/`

`$gedit common.h`



A terminal window with a dark background and light-colored text. The window title bar shows standard Linux window controls (close, minimize, maximize) and the text "nuk3@lab: ~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common". The terminal content shows three lines of commands and their prompts: the first line is "nuk3@lab:~\$ cd ~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common/" followed by a newline; the second line is "nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common\$ gedit common.h" followed by a newline; the third line is "nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common\$" followed by a cursor (a small white vertical bar).

```
nuk3@lab: ~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common
nuk3@lab:~$ cd ~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common/
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common$ gedit common.h
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common$
```

# Common define - NUK

- 執行eNB、UE的主機：
  - 請把 #define NUK 改成 true

```
/******  
                                     INCLUDES  
*****/  
  
#include <memory>  
#include <stdint.h>  
#include <string.h>  
  
/******  
                                     DEFINES  
*****/  
#define NUK true  
#define NUK_UE true  
#define NUK_JIN_DEBUG false
```

# Common define - eNB

執行eNB的主機：

請把 #define NUK\_UE 改成 false



```
common.h (~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common) - gedit
Open Save

* and at http://www.gnu.org/licenses/.
*
*/

#ifndef SRSLTE_COMMON_H
#define SRSLTE_COMMON_H

/*****
INCLUDES
*****/

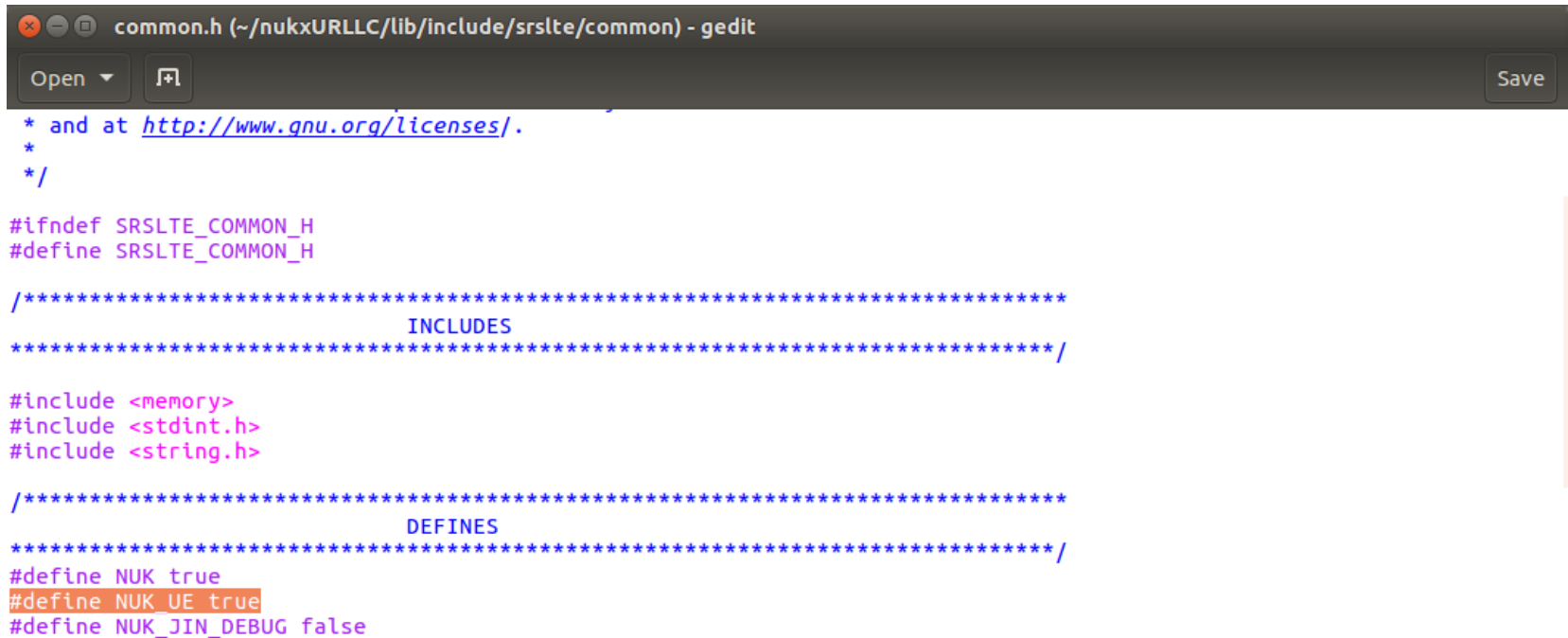
#include <memory>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>

/*****
DEFINES
*****/
#define NUK true
#define NUK_UE false
#define NUK_JIN_DEBUG false
```

# Common define - UE

執行UE的主機：

請把 #define NUK\_UE 改成 true



```
common.h (~/nukxURLLC/lib/include/srslte/common) - gedit
Open Save

* and at http://www.gnu.org/licenses/.
*
*/

#ifndef SRSLTE_COMMON_H
#define SRSLTE_COMMON_H

/*****
                        INCLUDES
*****/

#include <memory>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>

/*****
                        DEFINES
*****/
#define NUK true
#define NUK_UE true
#define NUK_JIN_DEBUG false
```

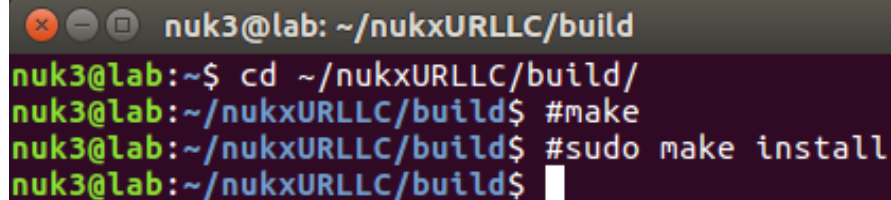
# Re Compile

完成後，請重新編譯：

`$cd ~/nukxURLLC/build`

`$make`

`$sudo make install`

A terminal window with a dark background and light-colored text. The window title is 'nuk3@lab: ~/nukxURLLC/build'. The terminal shows four lines of commands and their prompts: 1. 'nuk3@lab:~\$ cd ~/nukxURLLC/build/' with a green prompt. 2. 'nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build\$ #make' with a green prompt. 3. 'nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build\$ #sudo make install' with a green prompt. 4. 'nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build\$' with a green prompt and a white cursor. The window has standard Linux window controls (close, maximize, and a button with a square icon) in the top-left corner.

```
nuk3@lab: ~/nukxURLLC/build
nuk3@lab:~$ cd ~/nukxURLLC/build/
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$ #make
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$ #sudo make install
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/build$
```


# Edit UE proxy address

```
$cd ~/nukxURLLC/srsue/proxy
```

```
$gedit urlc.h
```

將enb\_ip 和ue\_ip設定成正確的IP位址後，編譯程式

```
$gcc urlc.c -lpthread -o proxy
```



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/select.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/un.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <signal.h>

#define ENB_PORT 8888
#define enb_ip "192.168.128.108"
#define ue_ip "192.168.128.106"
```



# Configure File - enb.conf

`$cd ~/.config/srslte`

- 執行eNB的主機：

`$ gedit enb.conf`

將x2ap\_myaddr 改成自己的ip位址

將x2ap\_neiaddr 改成UE的ip位址

確認 mme,gtp,s1c 位址無誤

```
#####  
[enb]  
enb_id = 0x19B  
name = MeNB  
cell_id = 0x01  
phy_cell_id = 1  
tac = 0x0007  
mcc = 001  
mnc = 01  
mme_addr = 127.0.1.100  
gtp_bind_addr = 127.0.1.1  
s1c_bind_addr = 127.0.1.1  
n_prb = 50  
#tm = 4  
#nof_ports = 2  
x2ap_myaddr = 192.168.128.108  
x2ap_neiaddr = 192.168.128.106
```

# Configure File - epc.conf

執行EPC的主機：

`$ gedit epc.conf`

確認 mme,gtpu 位址無誤

gtpu\_bind\_addr若是需連到外網，則將此ip位址改成主機連外網的ip位址

```
#####  
[mme]  
mme_code = 0x1a  
mme_group = 0x0001  
tac = 0x0007  
mcc = 001  
mnc = 01  
mme_bind_addr = 127.0.1.100  
apn = srsapn  
dns_addr = 8.8.8.8  
encryption_algo = EEA0  
integrity_algo = EIA1  
paging_timer = 2
```

```
#####  
[spgw]  
gtpu_bind_addr = 127.0.1.100  
sgi_if_addr = 172.16.0.1  
sgi_if_name = srs  
max_paging_queue = 100
```

# Checking IP address

- 請在終端機上輸入

**\$ifconfig**

```
nuk3@lab: ~  
nuk3@lab:~$ ifconfig  
eth0      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 10:7b:44:23:09:42  
          inet addr:192.168.128.108  Bcast:192.168.128.255  Mask:255.255.255.0  
          inet6 addr: fe80::6547:50d:92d9:4524/64 Scope:Link  
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1  
          RX packets:14689 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0  
          TX packets:8785 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0  
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000  
          RX bytes:10967003 (10.9 MB)  TX bytes:731282 (731.2 KB)  
  
lo        Link encap:Local Loopback  
          inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0  
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host  
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:65536  Metric:1  
          RX packets:4580 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0  
          TX packets:4580 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0  
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000  
          RX bytes:661096 (661.0 KB)  TX bytes:661096 (661.0 KB)  
  
nuk3@lab:~$
```

# eNB PDU 封包流程

- DownLink : EPC->eNB->UE
  - srsenb::gtpu::handle\_gtpu\_s1u\_rx\_packet()
    - >srsenb::pdcp::write\_sdu()
    - >srslte::pdcp::write\_sdu()
    - >srslte::pdcp\_entity\_lte::write\_sdu()
    - >srsenb::rlc::write\_sdu() //在此介面分流
- DownLink : EPC->eNB->UE
  - proxy->srslte::pdcp::run\_thread() //接收eNB封包後轉傳到PDCP層
  - srslte::pdcp::write\_pdu()
    - > srslte::pdcp\_entity\_lte::write\_pdu()

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# enb.conf::enb.n\_prb

- srsLTE目前支援：6,15,25,50,75,100  
n\_prb對應到的不同頻寬(spectrum bandwidth)

```
# eNB configuration
#
# enb_id:      20-bit eNB identifier.
# cell_id:     8-bit cell identifier.
# tac:         16-bit Tracking Area Code.
# mcc:         Mobile Country Code
# mnc:         Mobile Network Code
# mme_addr:    IP address of MME for S1 connection
# gtp_bind_addr: Local IP address to bind for GTP connection
# s1c_bind_addr: Local IP address to bind for S1AP connection
# n_prb:       Number of Physical Resource Blocks (6,15,25,50,75,100)
```

# enb.conf::rf.dl\_earfcn

- dl\_earfcn對應到MHz (spectrum frequency)  
參考網站: [https://www.sqimway.com/lte\\_band.php](https://www.sqimway.com/lte_band.php)
- tx\_gain和rx\_gain調整接收的放大比率  
越高數值並不代表就會有越高的吞吐量(throughput)

```
# RF configuration
#
# dl_earfcn: EARFCN code for DL
# tx_gain: Transmit gain (dB).
# rx_gain: Optional receive gain (dB). If disabled, AGC is enabled
```

- eNB的dl\_earfcn需要跟UE一致  
以避免無法連線情況

# Spectrum Frequency

## LTE frequency band 36.101 (Rel 16 Jun 2020)

Sort

Increasing

Display

☒ Earfcn ☐ UMTS band ☒ Geographical area

Band	Name	Downlink (MHz)			Bandwidth DL/UL (MHz)	Uplink (MHz)			Duplex spacing (MHz)	Geographical area	3GPP release
		Low	Middle Earfcn	High		Low	Middle Earfcn	High			
1	2100	2110 0	<b>2140</b> <b>300</b>	2170 599	60	1920 18000	<b>1950</b> <b>18300</b>	1980 18599	190	Global	8
2	1900 PCS	1930 600	<b>1960</b> <b>900</b>	1990 1199	60	1850 18600	<b>1880</b> <b>18900</b>	1910 19199	80	NAR	8
3	1800+	1805 1200	<b>1842.5</b> <b>1575</b>	1880 1949	75	1710 19200	<b>1747.5</b> <b>19575</b>	1785 19949	95	Global	8
4	AWS-1	2110 1950	<b>2132.5</b> <b>2175</b>	2155 2399	45	1710 19950	<b>1732.5</b> <b>20175</b>	1755 20399	400	NAR	8
5	850	869 2400	<b>881.5</b> <b>2525</b>	894 2649	25	824 20400	<b>836.5</b> <b>20525</b>	849 20649	45	NAR	8
6	UMTS only	875 2650	<b>880</b> <b>2700</b>	885 2749	10	830 20650	<b>835</b> <b>20700</b>	840 20749	45	APAC	8
7	2600	2620 2750	<b>2655</b> <b>3100</b>	2690 3449	70	2500 20750	<b>2535</b> <b>21100</b>	2570 21449	120	EMEA	8
8	900 GSM	925 3450	<b>942.5</b> <b>3625</b>	960 3799	35	880 21450	<b>897.5</b> <b>21625</b>	915 21799	45	Global	8
9	1800	1844.9 3800	<b>1862.5</b> <b>3975</b>	1879.9 4149	35	1749.9 21800	<b>1767.5</b> <b>21975</b>	1784.9 22149	95	APAC	8
10	AWS-1+	2110 4150	<b>2140</b> <b>4450</b>	2170 4749	60	1710 22150	<b>1740</b> <b>22450</b>	1770 22749	400	NAR	8
...	...	1475.9	<b>1486</b>	1495.9	...	1427.9	<b>1438</b>	1447.9	...	...	...



# enb.conf::log

- srsLTE 支援不同層log的設定  
可依據需求調整logging level  
方便在log檔案中找出傳遞的資訊

```
# Logging layers: rf, phy, phy_lib, mac, rlc, pdcp, rrc, gtpu, s1ap, all  
# Logging levels: debug, info, warning, error, none
```

# Outline

- 實驗目的及實驗內容
- srsLTE 實驗環境
  - srsLTE Small Cell 架構
  - 軟硬體環境
- srsLTE 網路實驗平台建置
  - 安裝所需套件
  - 安裝 srsLTE 網路環境
  - 調整參數
- 執行程式暨測試
  - 實驗-Split Mode
  - 實驗-Duplication Mode
- 總結

# UE Attachment

- #若是正確設定 epc.conf 和 enb.conf  
UE 成功連接後會出現以下畫面，  
若是失敗請參閱log file 依據錯誤訊息修正。

```
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD: ~/.config/srslte
[INFO] [B200] Performing register loopback test...
[INFO] [B200] Register loopback test passed
[INFO] [B200] Performing register loopback test...
[INFO] [B200] Register loopback test passed
[INFO] [B200] Asking for clock rate 23.040000 MHz...
[INFO] [B200] Actually got clock rate 23.040000 MHz.

[NUK] UE is aggregation node
[NUK] UE start thread
Waiting PHY to initialize ... done!
Attaching UE...
Searching cell in DL EARFCN=300, f_dl=2140.0 MHz, f_ul=1950.0 MHz
.
Found Cell: Mode=FDD, PCI=1, PRB=25, Ports=1, CFO=-0.0 KHz
Found PLMN: Id=00101, TAC=7
Could not find Home PLMN Id=00000, trying to connect to PLMN Id=00101
Random Access Transmission: seq=31, ra-rnti=0x2
Random Access Complete.      c-rnti=0x46, ta=1
RRC Connected
Network attach successful. IP: 172.16.0.2
Software Radio Systems LTE (srsLTE)
```

# 傳輸連結測試

執行UE的主機：

\$ ping “enb的ip位址”

```
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD: ~  
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~$ ping 192.168.128.108 -c 4  
PING 192.168.128.108 (192.168.128.108) 56(84) bytes of data.  
64 bytes from 192.168.128.108: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.202 ms  
64 bytes from 192.168.128.108: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.134 ms  
64 bytes from 192.168.128.108: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.143 ms  
64 bytes from 192.168.128.108: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.128 ms  
  
--- 192.168.128.108 ping statistics ---  
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3090ms  
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.128/0.151/0.202/0.033 ms  
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~$
```

ICMP回應正常，即代表設定無誤且通道順暢

# Ping指令測試

執行UE的主機：

\$ping 172.16.0.1

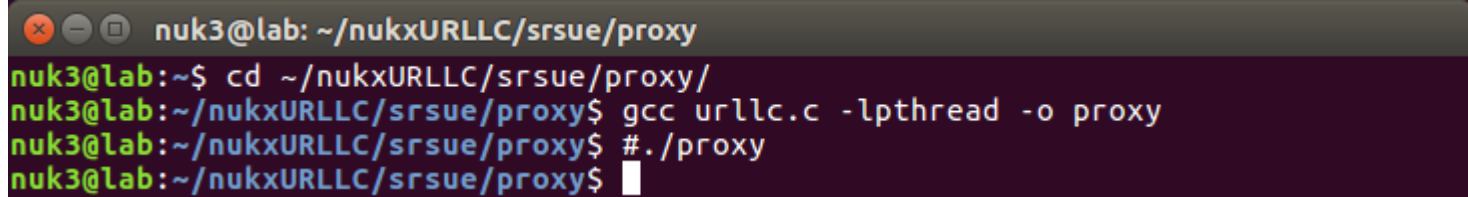
```
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD: ~  
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~$ ping 172.16.0.1 -c 5  
PING 172.16.0.1 (172.16.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.  
64 bytes from 172.16.0.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=31.9 ms  
64 bytes from 172.16.0.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=31.1 ms  
64 bytes from 172.16.0.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=30.8 ms  
64 bytes from 172.16.0.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=30.1 ms  
64 bytes from 172.16.0.1: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=29.7 ms  
  
--- 172.16.0.1 ping statistics ---  
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4002ms  
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 29.782/30.759/31.931/0.778 ms  
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~$
```

ICMP回應正常，即代表設定無誤且順利連線到EPC

# 開啟 proxy 程式

UE在終端機輸入:

```
$ cd ~/path/to/nukxURLLC/srsue/proxy  
$ gcc urllc.c -lpthread -o proxy  
$ ./proxy
```



```
nuk3@lab: ~/nukxURLLC/srsue/proxy  
nuk3@lab:~$ cd ~/nukxURLLC/srsue/proxy/  
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/srsue/proxy$ gcc urllc.c -lpthread -o proxy  
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/srsue/proxy$ #./proxy  
nuk3@lab:~/nukxURLLC/srsue/proxy$
```

此程式用來接收eNB轉傳的封包，  
再將原本的內容轉至srsue中

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- srsLTE 網路實驗平台建置
  - 安裝所需套件
  - 安裝 srsLTE 網路環境
  - 調整參數
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  - 實驗-Split Mode
  - 實驗-Duplication Mode
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# Split\_mode

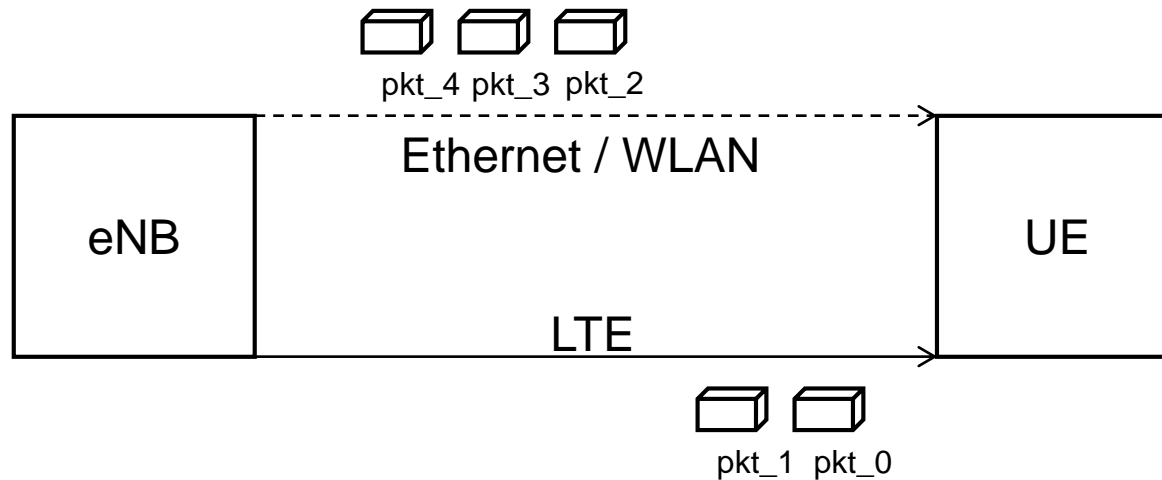
- 在執行eNB的主機上：
  - 輸入 's'，按下 'enter'，將會啟動split\_mode

```
-- Actually got clock rate 23.040000 MHz.  
-- Performing timer loopback test... pass  
-- Performing timer loopback test... pass  
Setting frequency: DL=2140.0 Mhz, UL=1950.0 MHz  
Setting Sampling frequency 1.92 MHz  
  
==== eNodeB started ===  
Type <t> to view trace  
RACH: tti=7221, preamble=47, offset=1, temp_crnti=0x46  
User 0x46 connected  
s  
[NUK] Split_mode is ON  
[NUK] set ratio 2(M) : 3(S)
```



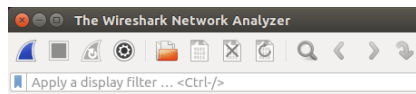
# Split\_ratio

- 分流比例為2:3，如下圖所示



# Wireshark

- 在執行UE主機上，開啟兩個Wireshark視窗
  - 其一選取srsue interface
  - 另一選取連結switch網卡介面



Welcome to Wireshark

Open

/home/nuk2/Desktop/test\_cp1.pcapng (2372 Bytes)

## Capture

...using this filter:

enp4s0

srsue1

any

Loopback: lo

bluetooth0

nflog

nfqueue

usbmon1

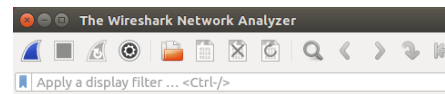
usbmon2

## Learn

User's Guide · Wiki · Questions and Answers ·

You are running Wireshark 3.2.2 (Git v3.2.2 packaged a

Ready to load or capture



Welcome to Wireshark

Open

/home/nuk2/Desktop/test\_cp1.pcapng (2372 Bytes)

## Capture

...using this filter:

enp4s0

srsue1

any

Loopback: lo

bluetooth0

nflog

nfqueue

usbmon1

usbmon2

## Learn

User's Guide · Wiki · Questions and Answers ·

You are running Wireshark 3.2.2 (Git v3.2.2 packaged a

Ready to load or capture

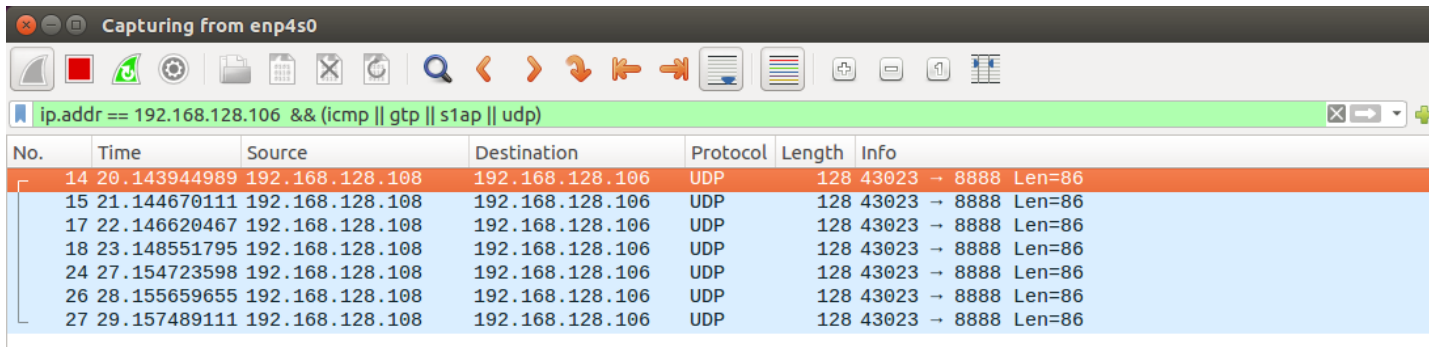
# Monitor Seq.

在執行epc主機上:

```
$ ping 172.16.0.2 -c 10
```

從UE的wireshark中看到

UE在網卡上收到來自enb的UDP封包，  
內含從EPC發出的ICMP request，  
接著透過proxy程式轉送給srs介面



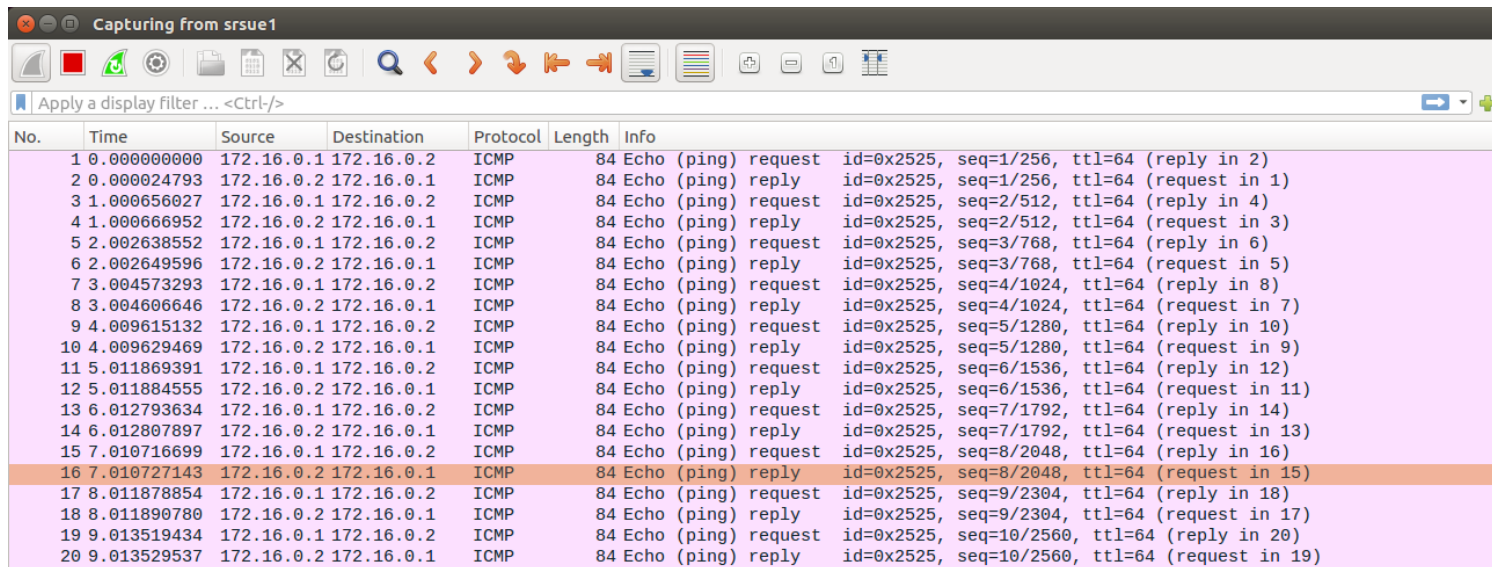
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
14	20.143944989	192.168.128.108	192.168.128.106	UDP	128	43023 -> 8888 Len=86
15	21.144670111	192.168.128.108	192.168.128.106	UDP	128	43023 -> 8888 Len=86
17	22.146620467	192.168.128.108	192.168.128.106	UDP	128	43023 -> 8888 Len=86
18	23.148551795	192.168.128.108	192.168.128.106	UDP	128	43023 -> 8888 Len=86
24	27.154723598	192.168.128.108	192.168.128.106	UDP	128	43023 -> 8888 Len=86
26	28.155659655	192.168.128.108	192.168.128.106	UDP	128	43023 -> 8888 Len=86
27	29.157489111	192.168.128.108	192.168.128.106	UDP	128	43023 -> 8888 Len=86

# Monitor Seq.(Cont.)

從UE的wireshark中看到：

UE在srs裡解析封包後，

再透過srs介面將ICMP reply回傳至EPC



Capturing from srsue1

Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/>

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000000	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 2)
2	0.000024793	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 1)
3	1.000656027	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 4)
4	1.000666952	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 3)
5	2.002638552	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 6)
6	2.002649596	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (request in 5)
7	3.004573293	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 8)
8	3.004606646	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (request in 7)
9	4.009615132	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 10)
10	4.009629469	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (request in 9)
11	5.011869391	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 12)
12	5.011884555	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (request in 11)
13	6.012793634	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (reply in 14)
14	6.012807897	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (request in 13)
15	7.010716699	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (reply in 16)
16	7.010727143	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (request in 15)
17	8.011878854	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (reply in 18)
18	8.011890780	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (request in 17)
19	9.013519434	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.2	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) request id=0x2525, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (reply in 20)
20	9.013529537	172.16.0.2	172.16.0.1	ICMP	84	Echo (ping) reply id=0x2525, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (request in 19)

# UE Aggregate

```
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD: ~/.config/srslte
RRC Connected
Received RRC Connection Release
RRC IDLE
S-TMSI match in paging message
Random Access Transmission: seq=31, ra-rnti=0x2
Random Access Complete.      c-rnti=0x49, ta=1
RRC Connected
[NUK] Received packets
[NUK] UE1 aggregate pdu : 0
[NUK] Received packets
[NUK] UE1 aggregate pdu : 1
[NUK] Received packets
[NUK] UE1 aggregate pdu : 2
[NUK] Received packets
[NUK] UE1 aggregate pdu : 3
[NUK] Received packets
[NUK] UE1 aggregate pdu : 4
[NUK] Received packets
[NUK] UE1 aggregate pdu : 5
[NUK] Received packets
[NUK] UE1 aggregate pdu : 6
```

srsue終端機顯示，收到從proxy轉傳的封包

# UE Proxy

```
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD: ~/Desktop/test
nuk2@nuk2-X580VD:~/Desktop/test$ ./urllc
Please enter Ctrl + C to terminate process

receive data len: 86
OK

receive data len: 86
OK

receive data len: 86
OK

receive data len: 86
OK

receive data len: 86
OK
█
```

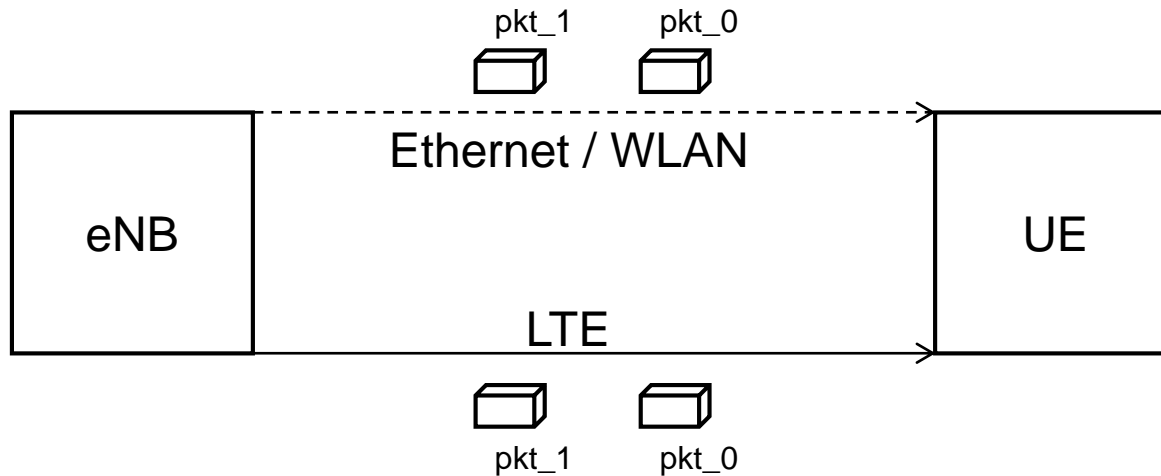
proxy終端機顯示，收到從eNB轉傳的封包

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- srsLTE 網路實驗平台建置
  - 安裝所需套件
  - 安裝 srsLTE 網路環境
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  - 實驗-Duplication Mode
- 總結

# Duplication\_mode

- 在執行eNB的主機上：
  - 輸入 'd'，按下 'enter'，將會啟動duplication\_mode
- Duplication mode 和 Split mode 並不會同時存在





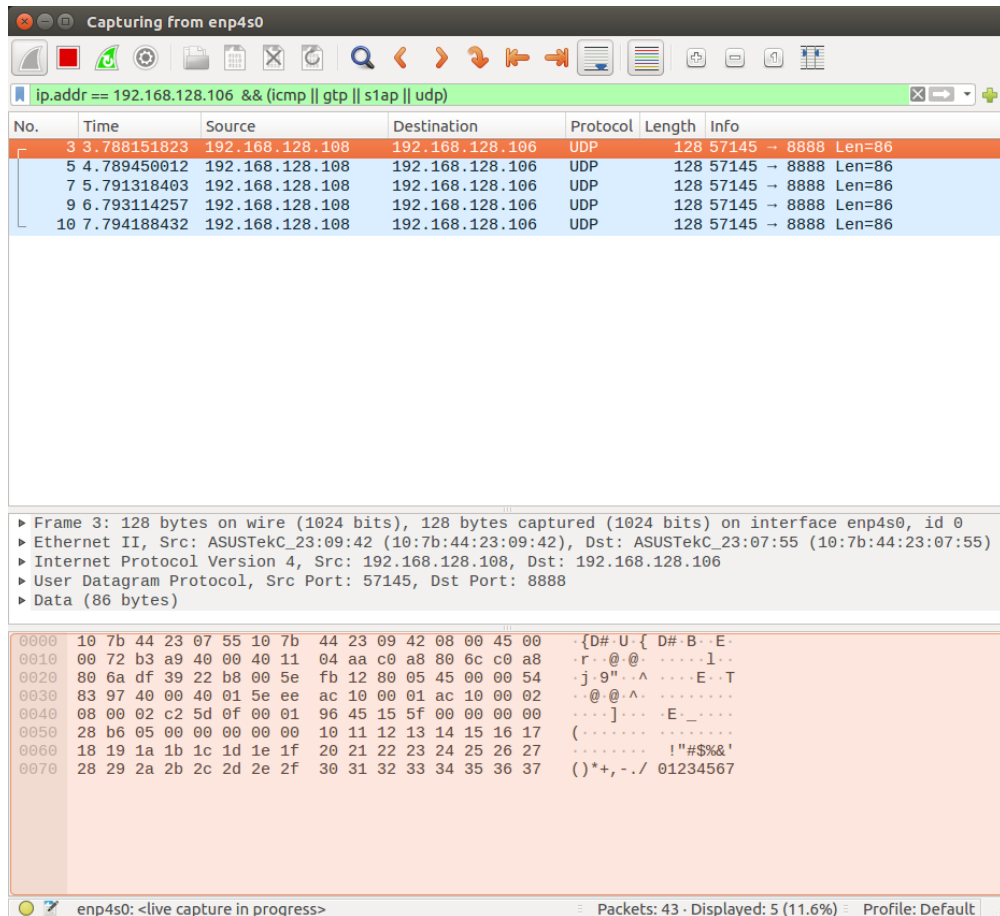
```
nuk3@lab: ~  
Reading configuration file /home/nuk3/.config/srslte/enb.conf...  
Opening 1 RF devices with 1 RF channels...  
Opening USRP with args: type=b200,master_clock_rate=23.04e6  
-- Detected Device: B210  
-- Operating over USB 3.  
-- Initialize CODEC control...  
-- Initialize Radio control...  
-- Performing register loopback test... pass  
-- Performing register loopback test... pass  
-- Performing CODEC loopback test... pass  
-- Performing CODEC loopback test... pass  
-- Asking for clock rate 23.040000 MHz...  
-- Actually got clock rate 23.040000 MHz.  
-- Performing timer loopback test... pass  
-- Performing timer loopback test... pass  
Setting frequency: DL=2140.0 Mhz, UL=1950.0 Mhz  
Setting Sampling frequency 5.76 MHz  
[NUK] This eNB is MeNB  
  
==== eNodeB started ====  
Type <t> to view trace  
d  
[NUK] Duplication_mode is ON
```

開啟後，終端機畫面會顯示狀態

# Wireshark - Switch

- 在執行epc主機上:  
`$ ping 172.16.0.2 -c 10`

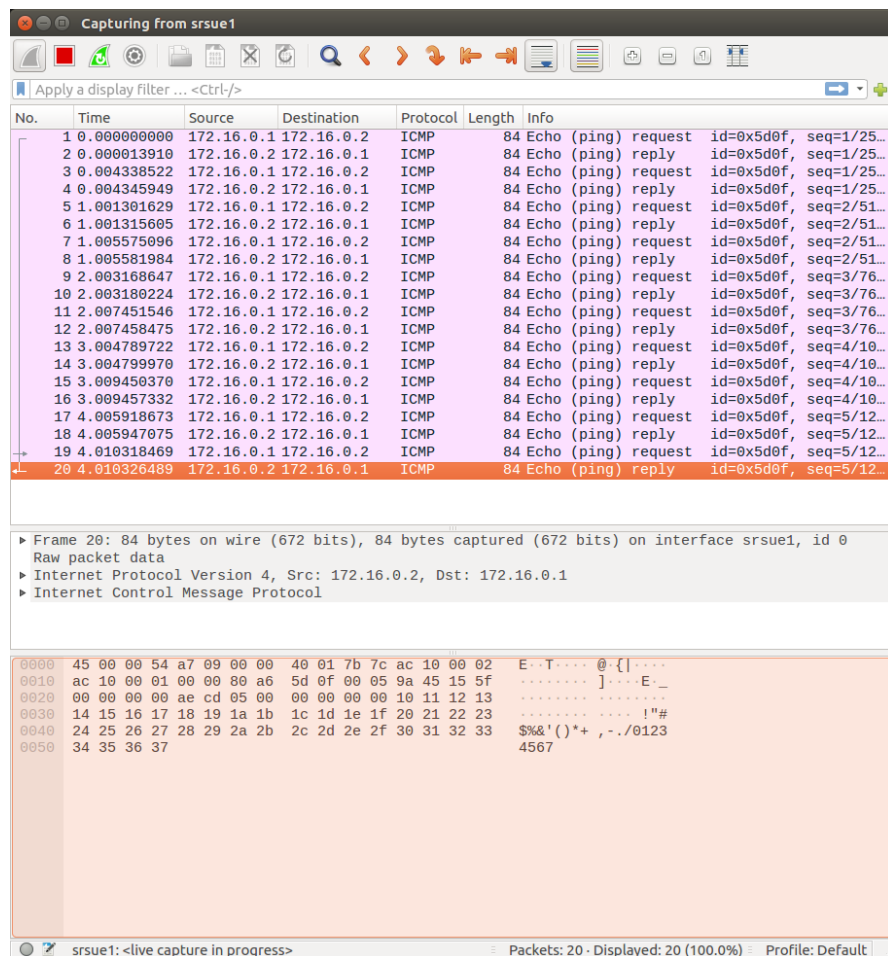
從UE的wireshark中看到：  
icmp封包透過Switch封裝成  
UDP封包傳向UE



# Wireshark - srs

- 在執行epc主機上:  
`$ ping 172.16.0.2 -c 10`

從UE的wireshark中看到：  
icmp封包透過RF路徑傳向UE  
同時聚合不同路徑的icmp封包



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# Summary

- 在兩台主機間安裝與設定srsLTE
  - 熟悉srsLTE參數配置
  - 觀察srseNB 與 srsUE間的封包傳遞過程
- 以Dual Connectivity(DC)為基礎架構，配合多種模式
  - 探討分流或是重複模式對於效能的影響
  - 觀察不同情境下流量的變化